BICHON FRISE

1. General appearance – standing _____ ; head carriage _____ and _____; coat _____

2. Characteristics – L_____, l_____ dog

3. Head – skull (longer than / same as / shorter than) the muzzle

4. Skull is (domed / slightly rounded / flat) and stop is (definite / slight / moderate)

5. Ears are n_____ and d_____; carried f_____ and (close to / obliquely away from) the head

6. Eyes are dark, almond shaped and obliquely set. T / F

7. Mouth is _____

8. Length of neck is about _____ length of body

9. Tail - _____(set); _____(carried)

10. Coat - _____(texture); _____(appearance); _____(length)

11. Description of gait is _____

12. Height is _____

CAVALIER KING CHARLES SPANIEL

1. Four (4) important words or phrases used to describe the general appearance are: _____ _____   _____   _____

2. Skull is (rounded / almost flat / arched) between ears and stop is (distinct / slight / shallow)

3. Length of muzzle is _____cm (_____ins)

4. Eyes - _____(size); _____(shape); _____(set); _____(colour)

5. Ears are (long / short); set (high / eye level / low)

6. The neck is long and well arched. T / F

7. Both ears and feet are well feathered. T / F

8. Tail - _____(length); _____(carried)

9. Coat is long, silky, free from curl but may have a slight wave. T / F

10. Where is trimming of the coat permitted? _____

11. List 4 acceptable colours. _____ _____ _____ _____

12. Name of unique, much valued white marking in Blenheim coloured dogs _____

13. Weight - _____

CHINESE CRESTED DOG

1. General appearance (6 important words or phrases used) _____ , _____ , _____ , _____ , _____ , _____

2. Two distinct types are _____ type & _____ type

3. How do the two types differ? _____

4. Skull is described as s_____ r _____ and e_____

5. Muzzle is (shorter than / longer than / equal to) skull and (slightly tapered / pointed / blunt)

6. Ideal crest begins _____?

7. Nose is always black or flesh coloured. T / F

8. Eyes - _____(size); _____(shape); _____(set); _____(colour)

9. Ears - _____(size); _____(set); _____(carried)

10. Exception for Powder Puffs with ears is _____

11. Length of body described as _____ and s_____

12. Feet are hare-foot, long and narrow. T / F

13. Tail - _____(set); _____(length); _____(shape); _____(carried).

14. Plume confined to _____ of tail.

15. Colour(s) - _____

16. Ideal height – Dogs _____; Bitches _____

17. Weight - _____

GRIFFON BRUXELLOIS

1. Summary of general appearance in two words: c_____ & s_____

2. Disposition of _____

3. Two varieties: _____ & _____

4. Expression is _____

5. Described also as h_____ for s_____

6. Head is fairly (large / small) in comparison with body, and (domed / rounded / flat)

7. The stop is (deep / definite / slight); the muzzle relatively (broad & square / long & deep / short & wide)

8. Eyes - _____(size); _____(shape); _____(colour)

9. Ears - _____(size); _____(set); _____(carried)

10. Mouth _____

11. Back is (long / moderate/ short) and (level / sloping / slightly roached)

12. Tail - _____(length); _____(set); _____(carried)

13. 4 features of the rough coat _____ _____ _____ _____

14. 2 features of the smooth coat _____ _____

15. Colour(s) _____

16. Weight - _____

ITALIAN GREYHOUND

1. A _____ in miniature
2. 3 words/terms to describe characteristics e_____ , g_____ , q_____ m_____
3. Skull is short, flat and narrow & the stop is definite.   T / F
4. Muzzle is fine and long. T / F
5. Eyes - _____(size); _____(shape); _____(colour)
6. Ears - _____(size); _____(shape); _____ (set); _____(texture)
7. The chest is deep and wide.   T / F
8. Describe the back _____
9. Feet are _____
10. Tail - _____(length);_____(shape); _____(set); _____(carried)
11. 3 words describing coat - _____ _____ _____
12. Circle colours that are not acceptable in the list - white; black;   black & tan; cream; fawn; brindle; red; blue & tan; any of these colours broken with white; white broken with any of these colours
13. Ideal height - _____
14. Ideal weight - _____
15. Gait is a h_____ s_____ and f_____ a_____

JAPANESE CHIN

1. 4 words/terms in general appearance _____ _____ _____ _____
2. Characteristic peculiar to this breed _____
3. Size of head and skull in proportion to body is _____
4. Describe shape of skull _____
5. Muzzle is (short / long), (narrow / square / wide) and w_____-c_____
6. Eyes - _____(size); _____(set); _____(colour)
7. What feature of the eyes gives the 'look of astonishment' ? _____
8. Ears - _____(size); _____(set); _____(shape); _____(carried)
9. Preferred bite(s) _____
10. 3 words or terms describing the body _____ _____ _____
11. Forelegs are straight with strong, fine bone.   T / F
12. Feathering on fore and hind quarters is not profuse.   T / F
13. Feet are small, round and well feathered all over. T / F
14. 5 words/terms to describe coat _____ _____ _____ _____ _____
15. Tri-colour is an acceptable colour.   T / F
16. Ideal weight - _____
17. General statement about size is _____

KING CHARLES SPANIEL

1.   General appearance – r_____, c_____ and c_____
2.   Distinctive characteristic is _____
3.   Skull is moderately (large / full / small) in comparison to size and (flat / slightly rounded / well domed)
4.   Muzzle (short / square / long), w_____ and d_____
5.   Lower jaw is well turned up and wide.   T / F
6.   Eyes - _____(size); _____(shape); _____ (set); _____(colour)
7.   Ears - _____(size); _____(set); _____(carried)
8.   Ears are free from feathering.   T / F
9.   Bite is _____
10.   Back is _____ and _____
11.   Feet are round, cat shaped and well feathered.   T / F
12.   Coat is (long / moderate length / short), (harsh / fine / silky) and (curly / straight / corded)
13.   4 colours are _____ _____ _____ _____
14.   Blenheims should have a wide, clear blaze with a 'spot' in the centre of the skull which is _____
        _____ (colour) and _____(size)
15.   Weight - _____

PAPILLON

1.   Described as a d_____, b_____ little dog with a_____ h_____
2.   Skull is (flat / slightly rounded / domed) between the ears with (slight / distinct / well defined) stop
3.   Muzzle is (finely chiselled / fox-like / finely pointed) and equals (½ / ⅓ / ¼) length of head
4.   Eyes - _____(size); _____(shape); _____(set); _____(colour)
5.   Ears - _____(size); _____(shape); _____(set); _____(carried)
6.   How are 'butterfly' and 'moth' used? _____
7.   Mouth is _____
8.   Forelegs are straight, slender and fine boned. T / F
9.   The body should have plenty of length. T / F
10.   Feet are (oval / hare-like / compact) with (long hair / tufts of hair / feathering) extending beyond toes
11.   3 words to describe movement _____ _____ _____
12.   Coat should be abundant (flowing) with fine, soft undercoat. T / F
13.   Where is the coat close (short)? _____
14.   Colour(s) _____
15.   Head markings should be _____
16.   Ideal height - _____

PEKINGESE

1. Described as moderately t_____   s_____ with great d_____ and q_____
2. L_____ in appearance
3. Head fairly (large / small), proportionately (narrower / wider) than deep, (rounded / flat) between ears
4. What should wrinkle over nose look like? _____
5. Nose is _____ with nostrils _____
6. Stop is (indented / defined / moderate)
7. Eyes - _____(size); _____(shape); _____(colour)
8. Ears - _____(size); _____(shape); _____(set); _____(carried)
9. Bite is _____
10. Forelegs are heavily boned and may be slightly bowed between pasterns and elbows. T / F
11. Body is relatively (short / long) with a distinct _____
12. Hind legs are moderately (heavier / lighter) than forequarters
13. Feet - _____(size); _____(shape)
14. All feet may be slightly turned out. T / F
15. 3 words/ terms to describe gait _____ _____ _____
16. Coat is long, straight with thick, softer undercoat. T / F
17. Where is coat most profuse? _____
18. Colour(s) _____
19. Ideal weight – Dogs _____; Bitches _____

POMERANIAN

1. Deportment described as having _____ and _____
2. 4 words from Characteristics & Temperament _____ _____ _____ _____
3. Outline of head and nose is _____
4. Skull slightly (flat / rounded / domed) and (small / the same / large) in proportion to muzzle
5. A flesh coloured or parti-coloured nose is permissible depending on coat colour. T / F
6. Eyes - _____(size); _____(shape); _____(set); _____(colour)
7. Ears - _____(size); _____(set); _____(carried)
8. Bone of the fore and hind legs described as _____
9. Hind angulation is (well bent / medium / little)
10. Back is s_____, and body is c_____
11. Feet are small, compact and cat-like. T / F
12. Tail - _____(set); _____(carried); with (moderate / minimal/ profuse) hair
13. 3 words/terms for gait are _____ _____ _____
14. The coat is (double / single)
15. Where is coat most abundant? _____
16. Where is there feathering? _____
17. Where is the coat close (shorter)? _____
18. All colours are permissible but with restrictions. List 3 of these restrictions. _____
_____
19. What colour preference is there if all other points are equal? _____
20. Ideal weight – Dogs _____; Bitches _____

RUSSIAN TOY (RUSSKIY TOY)

1. General appearance – 4 words/terms used _____ _____ _____ _____
2. Important proportions
   _____ build
   Height at elbows (slightly less than / equal to / slightly more than) half the height at withers
3. Head (small / balanced / large) compared to body
4. Skull is _____ but not too _____
5. Stop (slight / moderate / well defined / pronounced)
6. Muzzle is (broad / lean), (blunt / tapering / pointed) and slightly (shorter / longer) than skull
7. Eyes - _____(size); _____(shape); _____(set); _____(colour)
8. Ears - _____(size); _____(set); _____(carried)
9. Forequarters described as t_____ and l_____
10. Topline is (level / roached / sloping); croup is (flat / rounded)
11. Forefeet - _____(size); _____(shape)
12. How do hind feet differ from forefeet? _____
13. Tail - _____(shape); _____(carried)
14. Gait is easy, straightforward and fast. T / F
15. Coat – 2 types
    (i)_____ main features _____
    (ii)_____ main features _____
16. Colour(s) _____
17. Height - _____; tolerance _____
18. Weight - _____

TIBETAN SPANIEL

1. Well balanced general appearance – slightly _____ in body than height at withers
2. Head and skull (small / balanced / large) in proportion to body
3. Skull is (flat / slightly rounded / slightly domed); stop is (distinct / slight but defined / moderate)
4. (Short / medium / long) muzzle which is (square / blunt / tapering) and well cushioned
5. Eyes - _____(size); _____(shape); _____(set); _____(colour)
6. Expression is _____
7. Ears - _____(size); _____(set); _____(carried)
8. Ideal bite is _____ but _____ acceptable
9. The neck carries a mane or 'shawl' of longer hair. T / F
10. Bone of the forelegs is moderate and perfectly straight. T / F
11. Feet - _____(size); _____(shape); (with / without) feathering between toes
12. Tail - _____(set); _____(carried); (with / without) plume
13. Coat is (single / double) of _____ texture
14. Colour(s) _____
15. Ideal weight - _____
16. Height - _____

ANSWERS

Bichon Frise 1. Less than 30cm tall; proud; high; falling in soft corkscrew curls 2. Lively, little 3. Longer than 4. Flat, slight 5. Narrow, delicate, forward, close to 6. F 7. Scissor bite 8. One third 9. Slightly low, curled over back (never tight curl) 10.fine, silky, soft corkscrew curls, 7-10cm 11. Not specified 12. <30cm

Cavalier King Charles Spaniel 1. Active, graceful, well balanced, gentle expression 2. Almost flat, shallow 3. 3.8cm, 1½ins 4. Large, round, spaced wide apart, dark 5. Long, high 6. F 7. T 8. In balance with body, happily but not much above level of back 9. T 10. Nowhere 11. Black & tan, Ruby, Blenheim, tricolour 12. Lozenge mark between ears 13. 5.4-8.2kg (12-18lbs)

Chinese Crested Dog 1. Small, active, graceful, medium to fine boned, smooth hairless body, hair on feet head and tail only or soft veil of hair 2. Deer, Cobby 3. Deer (racy & fine boned); Cobby (heavier in body & bone) 4. Slightly rounded, elongated 5. Equal to, slightly tapered 6. At the stop 7. F – any colour 8. Medium, almond, wide apart, dark to appear black 9. Large, low, erect 10. May be dropped 11. Medium to long, supple 12. T 13. High, long, tapering & fairly straight, up or out in motion 14. Lower two thirds 15. Any 16. 28-33cm (11-13ins), 23-30cm (9-12ins) 17. Not over 5.4kg (12lbs)

Griffon Bruxellois 1. Cobby, square 2. A terrier 3. Rough & smooth 4. Pert, monkey-like 5. Heavy, size 6. Large, rounded 7. Definite, short & wide 8. Not too large, round, very dark 9. Smaller the better, high, semi-erect 10. Slightly undershot (not showing teeth or tongue) 11. Short, level 12. Moderate, high, at right angle to topline, gently curved over back 13. Harsh, wiry, free of curl, with undercoat preferred 14. Short, tight 15. Clear red, black or black & rich tan (without white markings) 16. 3.2-5kg (7-11lbs)

Italian Greyhound 1. Greyhound 2. Elegant, graceful, quick moving 3. F 4. T 5. Rather large, not given, not given 6. Not given, rose, well back, soft and fine 7. F 8. Slightly arched over loin 9. Hare-feet 10. Long, fine, low, low 11. short, fine, glossy 12. Black & tan, brindle, blue & tan 13. 32-38cm (12½-15ins) 14. 3.6-4.5kg (8-10lbs) 15. High stepping, free action

Japanese Chin 1. Any of-Elegant, aristocratic, smart, compact, profuse coat 2. Look of astonishment 3. Fairly large 4. Moderately broad skull, rounded in front & between eyes, never domed 5. Short, wide, well cushioned 6. Moderately large, far apart & facing forward, dark 7. Small amount of white showing in inner corners 8. Small, high & wide apart, V-shaped, slightly forward 9. Level or slightly undershot 10. Any of- square, compactly built, wide in chest, 'cobby', length = height 11. T 12. F 13. F 14. Profuse, long, soft, straight, silky texture, tendency to stand out, free of curl 15. F 16. 1.8-3.2kg (4-7lbs) 17. Daintier the better, providing type, quality and soundness are not sacrificed

King Charles Spaniel 1. Refined, compact, cobby 2. Domed head 3. Large, well domed 4. Square, wide, deep 5. T 6. Relatively large, not given, wide apart, dark 7. Very long, low, hanging flat to cheeks 8. F 9. Slightly undershot 10. Short, level 11. T 12. Long, silky, straight 13. B&T, tri-colour, Blenheim, ruby 14. Chestnut red, size of a penny 15. 3.6-6.3kg (8-14lbs)

Papillon 1. Dainty, balanced, attractive head 2. Slightly rounded, well defined 3. Finely pointed, ⅓ 4. Medium, rounded, placed low, dark 5. Large, rounded tips, towards back of head & wide enough to show rounded shape of skull, erect or dropped 6. 'butterfly' (Papillon) = erect ears, 'moth' (Phalene) = dropped ears 7. Scissor 8. T 9. T 10. Hare-like, tufts of hair 11. Sound, light, free 12. F (no undercoat) 13. Skull, muzzle & front part of legs 14. White with patches (except liver patches) 15. Symmetrical about a white narrow blaze 16. 20.3-28cm (8-11ins)

Pekingese 1. Thickset, dignity, quality 2. Leonine 3. Large, wider, flat 4. Extend from cheeks to bridge of nose in a wide inverted 'v' 5. Not too short and broad, large and open 6. defined 7. Not too large, round, dark & lustrous 8. Leather not below line of muzzle, heart-shaped, level with skull, close to head 9. Not specified but lips must be level 10. T 11. Short, waist 12. Lighter 13. Large, not round 14. F 15. Slow, dignified, rolling 16. T 17. Profuse mane extend beyond shoulders & forms a cape around the neck 18. All colours and markings except albino or liver 19. Not exceeding 5kg (11lbs); not exceeding 5.4kg (12lbs)

Pomeranian 1. Activity, buoyancy 2. Any of – sound, vivacious, dainty, extrovert, lively, intelligent 3. Foxy 4. Flat, large 5. F 6. Medium, slightly oval, not too wide apart, bright & dark 7. Relatively small, not too wide or too low, perfectly erect 8. Fine 9. Medium 10. Short, compact 11. T 12. High, turned over back carried flat, profuse 13. Free moving, brisk, buoyant 14. Double 15. Neck, fore part of shoulders & chest 16. Forequarters, thighs and hindlegs to hocks 17. Face & feet 18. Free from black or white shading, white dogs are free from lemon or other colours, white or tan feet or chest not allowed for (or doesn't mean) parti-coloured dogs, no patches of self-colour on shaded sables 19. Whole coloured specimens 20. 1.8-2kg (4-4½lbs); 2-2.5kg (4½-5½lbs)

Russian Toy (Russkiy Toy): 1. Any of – small, elegant, lively, long-legged, fine bone, lean muscles 2. Square, slightly more than 3. Small 4. High, wide 5. Pronounced 6. Lean, pointed, shorter 7. Quite large, rounded, well apart looking straight ahead, dark 8. Big, high, erect 9. Thin, lean 10. Sloping, rounded 11. Small, oval 12. Bit narrower 13. Sickle, not carried lower than back level 14. T 15. Smooth-haired – short, close lying, shiny, no undercoat or bald patches; Long-haired – 3-5cm, straight or wavy, close lying, short on head & front of limbs, feathering on rear of limbs, fringe on ears 16. B&T, brown &T, blue &T, red with or without black overlay 17. 20-28cm (8-11ins); +/- 1cm 18. up to 3kg (6.6lbs)

Tibetan Spaniel 1. Longer 2. Small 3. Slightly domed, slight but defined 4. Short, blunt 5. Medium, oval, fairly well apart looking forward, dark brown 6. Ape-like 7. Medium, fairly high, pendant & may have slight lift from skull 8. Slightly undershot, level 9. T 10. F 11. Small, hare-foot, with 12. High, gay curl over back, with 13. Double, silky 14. All colours and mixture of colours 15. 4.1-6.8kg (9-15lbs) 16. About 25cm (10ins)

NAME THE BREED!!

- Compact, short coupled dog, well knit in frame _____
- Small, active and alert – slightly longer in body than height at withers _____
- This dainty, balanced little toy dog should have an attractive head _____
- Refined, compact and cobby _____
- Standing less than 30cm tall _____
- Small, active graceful dog; medium to fine boned _____
- Cobby, well balanced, square little dog _____
- Active, graceful and well balanced, with gentle expression _____
- Disposition of a Terrier _____
- Elegant and aristocratic, compact with profuse coat _____
- Leonine in appearance _____
- Having a characteristic 'look of astonishment' _____
- Pert, monkey-like expression _____
- Activity and buoyancy in deportment _____
- Set of ayes giving an ape-like expression _____
- Slender in all proportions; elegant, graceful and quick moving _____
- Breed(s) whose head is relatively large in proportion to body _____
- Breed(s) whose head is relatively small in proportion to body _____
- Breed(s) always slightly undershot _____
- Breed(s) level or slightly undershot _____
- Breed(s) having hare-feet _____
- Head and nose foxy in outline _____
- Hindquarters lighter than forequarters _____
- Colours are B&T, Tri-colour, Blenheim and Ruby _____
- Colour is pure white _____
- Eyes are dark and lustrous _____
- Dogs are smaller than bitches _____

WHOSE HEAD??

1.	Skull long, flat and narrow. Slight stop. Muzzle fine and long. Nose dark in colour
2.	Skull almost flat between ears. Stop shallow. Base of stop to tip of nose 3.8cm (1½ins). Muzzle well tapered, lips well developed but not pendulous.
3.	Skull slightly rounded and elongated. Stop slightly pronounced. Cheeks cleanly chiselled, lean and flat. Muzzle slightly tapering but never pointed.
4.	Skull moderately large in comparison to size, well domed, full over eyes. Stop well defined. Muzzle square, wide and deep, well turned up, lower jaw wide.
5.	Head small in proportion to body. Skull slightly domed. Stop slight but defined. Medium length of muzzle, blunt with cushioning. Chin has some depth and width.
6.	Head large, proportionately wider than deep. Skull flat between ears, wide between eyes. Nose short and broad; over-nose wrinkle in a wide inverted 'v' shape. Profile flat.
7.	Skull slightly rounded between ears. Muzzle finely pointed and abruptly thinner than skull. Stop well defined. Nose to stop = ⅓ length of head.
8.	Skull longer than muzzle. Stop slight and hollow between eyebrows just visible. Skull flat (but hair may make it appear rounded). Nose round, black, soft and shiny.

PRACTICE MULTIPLE CHOICE

1. The <u>body</u> of the *Papillon*
    (a) should have plenty of length; level topline
    (b) is compact; well ribbed up; back short
    (c) is square and compactly built, wide in chest; level topline

2. The <u>tail</u> of the *Tibetan Spaniel* is
    (a) high set, turned over the back, carried flat, profusely covered with long hair
    (b) set high, richly plumed and carried in a gay curl over the back when moving
    (c) long and well fringed, set on low, arched over back with fringes falling to the side

3. The <u>general appearance</u> of the *Japanese Chin*
    (a) elegant, aristocratic, smart, compact with profuse coat
    (b) refined, compact and cobby
    (c) small, active and graceful; medium to fine boned; profusely coated

4. The <u>ears</u> of the *Cavalier King Charles Spaniel* are
    (a) set on low, hanging quite flat to the cheeks, very long and well feathered
    (b) medium size, pendant, well feathered and set fairly high
    (c) long, set high, with plenty of feather

5. The <u>feet</u> of the *Chinese Crested Dog* are
    (a) hare-footed, small and neat; white markings allowed
    (b) medium size, long, rounded and well knuckled up
    (c) hare-foot, narrow and long; nails any colour, moderately long

6. The <u>body</u> of the *Pekingese* is
    (a) chest wide and deep, back short and level; no distinct waist
    (b) relatively short with a distinct waist; level topline
    (c) compactly built, wide in chest, back short and slightly rising to rear

7. The <u>eyes</u> of the *Griffon Bruxellois* are
    (a) very dark, round, clear, alert and not too large; black rimmed
    (b) dark and lustrous, large and round, clear
    (c) dark brown, oval in shape, bright and expressive, medium size

8. The <u>gait</u> of the *Pomeranian*
    (a) slow, dignified, rolling gait in front; close action behind
    (b) high stepping and free action
    (c) free moving, brisk and buoyant

9. The <u>colour</u> of the *Japanese Chin*
    (a) Black and white, red and white, tri-colour and ruby
    (b) Black and white or red and white, never tri-colour
    (c) white with patches which may be any colour except liver

10. The <u>ears</u> of the *Papillon* are large and mobile with rounded tips, carried
    (a) stiffly erect
    (b) completely erect or completely dropped
    (c) semi-erect with profuse feathering

ANSWERS: 1. a 2. b 3. a 4. c 5. c 6. c 7. a 8. c 9. b 10. b